

#### **PLANT BIOSECURITY & PRODUCT INTEGRITY**

# INSPECTION OF CUT FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE FOR MELON THRIPS

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Biosecurity Queensland

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#### PLANT BIOSECURITY & PRODUCT INTEGRITY

ICA-WI-05

#### INSPECTION OF CUT FLOWERS AND FOLIAGE FOR MELON THRIPS

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#### **PURPOSE** 1.

The purpose of this work instruction is to provide guidelines for the inspection of cut flowers and foliage for melon thrips. This instruction does not encompass specific protocol inspections for other pests or disease that may be required for some States or Territories.

#### 2. SCOPE

This work instruction covers the requirements for the inspection of cut flowers and foliage requiring certification for freedom from melon thrips and movement from Queensland to another State of Territory within Australia by an Authorised Inspection Person.

#### 3. REFERENCES

ICA-WI-02 Guidelines for Completion of Plant Health Assurance

Certificates

Inspection of Fruit and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live **ICA-38** 

Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips

4. **DEFINITIONS** 

> **Accredited Certifier** means the person who holds accreditation under

> > chapter 15 of the Biosecurity Act 2014 to give

Biosecurity Certificates.

Authorised

means a person who is authorised to conduct inspections on behalf of the business by having their **Inspection Person** 

name and specimen signature on a register of authorised inspection persons maintained by the

business.

**Assurance Certificate** means a Plant Health Assurance Certificate [CAF-16].

**Authorised Signatory** means a person whose name and specimen signature

is included as an Authorised Signatory on the

business's application for accreditation.

means the legal entity responsible for the operation of business

the facility and the ICA arrangement detailed in the

Accredited Certifier's Application for Accreditation.

certified/certification means covered by a valid Plant Health Assurance

Certificate [CAF-16].

consignment means a quantity of packed produce described on one

Plant Health Assurance Certificate by a single

consignee.

A consignment may contain a number of lots.

**DAF** means the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries .





end-point inspection means the process by which a representative sample is

drawn and inspected from the finalised consignment

prior to certification.

facility means the location where plants are assembled,

inspected, securely stored, certified and dispatched.

**homogeneous** means produce that is all of the same or similar kind or

nature.

**ICA** means Interstate Certification Assurance.

**in-line inspection** means the process by which a representative sample of

packed product is drawn from a lot and inspected during

the processing and packing of the produce.

**inspection** means the act of inspecting produce to determine if the

entry conditions or melon thrips freedom requirements

of the importing State or Territory have been met.

**lot** means a quantity of homogeneous product assembled

for inspection at one place at one time. A lot could consist of product from one or more

growers/blocks/properties.

melon thrips means all stages of *Thrips palmi* (Karny) including egg,

nymph and adult.

MT means melon thrips.

**package** means the complete outer covering or container used to

transport and market the produce.

packed product means produce that has been packed into its final

package. For live plants, final packaging may mean a

plant(s) in a growing unit or a bare rooted plant.

produce means cut flowers and foliage but excludes seeds,

underground parts and dried or processed plant

materials.

Plant Health

**Assurance Certificate** 

means a biosecurity certificate approved by the Accrediting Authority for the ICA Scheme [CAF-16].

. . .

restricted area means an area of a state or territory from which plants

are required to be certified for property freedom for

melon thrips.

**thrips** means all stages of *Thrips* spp. including egg, nymph

and adult.

unit (cut flowers and

foliage)

means a single cut stem with flowers and/or foliage

attached.



#### 5. GENERAL

This work instruction refers to key elements of the Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure *Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips* [ICA-38] that require further explanation to a task or activity. Persons responsible must ensure they refer to the relevant sections of the Operational Procedure before applying any task in this Work Instruction.

#### 6. ACTIONS

#### 6.1 Sampling Cut Flowers and Foliage for Inspection

#### 6.1.1 Inspection Type

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall inspect cut flowers and foliage by one of two types:

- 1. End-point inspection; or
- 2. In-line inspection.

#### 6.1.2 Inspection Rate

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall inspect cut flowers and foliage by endpoint or in-line inspection at one of the following rates:

- 600 units: or
- 2% of the number of packages.

#### 6.1.3 Factors to be Considered Prior to Taking a Sample for Inspection

An **Authorised Inspection Person** may be presented with a mixed consignment or lot from which they will be required to draw a sample and inspect.

Mixed consignments and lots present unique problems regarding homogeneity and require special consideration with regard to sampling.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall consider the following factors when making a decision on how to sample from a mixed consignment or lot:

- treatments (where known) that have been applied to control certain pests and diseases;
- history of previous melon thrips detections (where known) associated with a particular production area, cut flower or foliage type or grower;
- the quantity of a particular cut flower or foliage within the lot or consignment;
   and
- the number of different growers/packers associated with the lot or consignment.



#### 6.1.4 Minimum Sample Size

A minimum of three (3) packages will be drawn when undertaking an inspection using the 2% sampling rate.

Where the **Authorised Inspection Person** identifies that the number of units in a consignment or lot is less than the required 600 units (i.e. pre-determined unit number inspection e.g. 600 units), the **Authorised Inspection Person** shall examine all units in the consignment.

#### 6.2 Sample Selection for an In-Line Inspection

An In-line inspection shall involve the selection and inspection of packed produce drawn from a lot and inspected during the processing and packing of the produce.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall sample packages at the predetermined inspection rate (refer <u>6.1.2 Inspection Rate</u>) from the packing line and move the packages to the inspection facility for examination (refer <u>6.4 Examination of Cut Flowers and Foliage</u>).

The following are two examples of how to sample produce during an In-line Inspection.

#### Example A - In-line 600 Unit Inspection

An Authorised Inspection Person is presented with 5000 individual chrysanthemum cut flowers from one grower (A. Smith) of which three consignments consisting of 10 cartons each are to be consigned interstate to a quarantine restricted market for melon thrips.

The Certification Controller of the packing shed advises the Authorised Inspection Person that the packing period to pack out that grower's chrysanthemums will be 3 hours. The Authorised Inspection Person calculates the rate at which the samples are to be drawn from the processing line to obtain a 600 unit sample as follows:

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates:

- 3 hour packing period for 5000 individual chrysanthemum cut flowers from one grower (one lot)
- 600 units are to be drawn over a 3 hour packing period = 100 units per ½ hour
- unit count per carton of chrysanthemum cut flowers = 50 units
- 2 cartons (final packaging) will need to be drawn every ½ hour from the processing line

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The Authorised Inspection Person examines 100% of each unit within each sample package till the required 100 units have been reached for each interval. The Authorised Inspection Person shall not examine more than 100 units at each interval.

Note: The sampling rate selected has provided sufficient time to fully inspect the units as they are drawn during each period.

(Refer <u>Attachment 1</u> for the completed Melon Thrips Inspection Record for Example A)

#### Example B - In-line 2% Inspection

An Authorised Inspection Person is presented with 15000 individual chrysanthemum cut flowers from one grower (A. Smith) of which three consignments consisting of 10 cartons each are to be consigned to a quarantine restricted market for melon thrips.

The Certification Controller of the packing shed advises the Authorised Inspection Person that the packing period to pack out that grower's chrysanthemums will be 3 hours. The Authorised Inspection Person calculates the rate at which the samples are to be drawn from the processing line to obtain a 2% sample as follows:

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates:

- 3 hour packing period for 15000 individual chrysanthemum cut flowers from one grower (one lot)
- 100 cartons per hour packed
- 300 cartons packed over a 3 hour packing period
- one (1) in fifty (50) or 2 cartons (final packaging) per hour need to be drawn from the processing line
- 6 cartons inspected over 3 hour packing period

The Authorised Inspection Person examines 100% of each unit within each sample carton.

Note: The sampling rate selected has provided sufficient time to fully inspect the units as they are drawn during each period.

(Refer <u>Attachment 2</u> for the completed Melon Thrips Inspection Record for Example B)

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#### 6.3 Sample Selection for an End-point Inspection

End-point inspections are only carried out on consignments that have been finalised.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall sample packages at the predetermined inspection rate (refer <u>6.1.2 Inspection Rate</u>) from the consignment and move the packages to the inspection facility ready for examination (refer <u>6.4 Examination of Cut Flowers and Foliage</u>).

The following are two examples of how to sample produce for an End-point Inspection.

#### Example C - End-point 600 Unit Inspection

An Authorised Inspection Person is presented with a mixed consignment of foliage and cut flowers to be consigned to a quarantine restricted market for melon thrips. The consignment consists of 344 cartons and comprises:

- 72 cartons of ferns from grower/packer A. Smith;
- 56 cartons of orchid flowers and stem from grower/packer B. Brown;
- 144 cartons of succulent leaves and 72 cartons of chrysanthemum cut flowers from grower/packer C. Blogs.

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates that:

- A. Smith's 72 cartons represent 21% of the consignment;
- B Brown's 56 cartons represent 16% of the consignment;
- C Blogs' 144 cartons of (succulent leaves) represents 42%, and 72 cartons of (chrysanthemum cut flowers) represents 21% of the consignment respectively.

The Authorised Inspection Person determines that the proportion of cut flowers and foliage to be examined from each grower will be based on the percentage of each growers produce in the consignment.

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates the number of units to examine from each grower as follows:

- The number of A. Smith's fern fronds to examine is 600 × 21% = 126 units
- The number of B. Brown's orchid flower and stems to examine is  $600 \times 16\% = 96$  units

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• The number of C Blogs' succulent leaves to examine is  $600 \times 42\% = 252$  units, and the number of chrysanthemum cut flowers to examine is  $600 \times 21\% = 126$  units

The Authorised Inspection Person draws cartons at random from each grower until they have examined the required number of units. The Authorised Inspection Person ensures that at least one sample carton is taken from each grower.

(Refer <u>Attachment 3</u> for the completed Melon Thrips Inspection Record for Example C)

#### Example D - End Point 2% Inspection

An Authorised Inspection Person is presented with a mixed consignment of red and yellow chrysanthemum cut flowers which are to be consigned to a quarantine restricted market for melon thrips. The consignment comprises:

Six (6) pallets of red chrysanthemum cut flowers and four (4) pallets of yellow chrysanthemum cut flowers from grower/packer J. Smith.

The consignment totals 120 cartons with each pallet comprising 12 cartons.

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates that there are:

- 72 cartons of red chrysanthemum cut flowers representing 60% of the consignment; and
- 48 cartons of yellow chrysanthemum cut flowers representing 40% of the consignment.

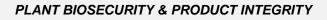
The Authorised Inspection Person determines that the proportion of packages to be sampled will be based on the percentage of red and yellow chrysanthemum cut flowers in the consignment.

The Authorised Inspection Person calculates the number of red and yellow chrysanthemum cut flowers sample packages to take as follows:

- 2% × 72 packages = 2 packages (always round up to next whole number)
- 2% × 48 packages = 1 packages (always round up to next whole number)

The Authorised Inspection Person draws sample packages at random from the pallets to achieve 3 packages (2 red and 1 yellow chrysanthemum cut flower packages).

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The Authorised Inspection Person examines 100% of units within each sample package.

(Refer <u>Attachment 4</u> for the completed Melon Thrips Inspection Record for Example D)

### 6.4 Examination of Cut Flowers and Foliage

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall examine the cut flowers and foliage from sampled packages after drawing the required number of packages depending on the inspection type and rate (refer <u>6.1.1 Inspection Type</u> and <u>6.1.2 Inspection Rate</u>).

Where a 2% rate is nominated by the Certification Controller, an **Authorised Inspection Person** shall examine 100% of cut flowers and foliage contained in each sample package.

Where a 600 unit rate is nominated by the Certification Controller, an **Authorised Inspection Person** shall not examine more than 600 units.

All cut flowers and foliage examinations shall be carried out by an **Authorised Inspection Person**.

#### The Authorised Inspection Person shall:

- 1. move all sample packages to the inspection facility;
- 2. record information on the *Melon Thrips Inspection Record* in accordance with Section 7.6.1 of Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure *Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips* [ICA-38].
- 3. place sample cartons (where possible) on the inspection bench;
  - Where it is not possible to place the sample package on the inspection bench, the **Authorised Inspection Person** shall remove the cut flowers or foliage from the packaging and place on the inspection bench.
- 4. visually examine the required number of units (refer <u>6.1.2 Inspection Rate</u>) within each sample package for Melon Thrips.

Cut flowers and foliage selected for inspection must be thoroughly inspected on both sides of the leaves, flowers and stems. Particular attention shall be paid to areas that may provide shelter to melon thrips such as the flowers and stem axils.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** will use, as necessary, a hand lens of at least X10 magnification or similar device to assist in the examination of the cut flowers or foliage in the detection of melon thrips.



In the case of foliage, the **Authorised Inspection Person**, whilst holding onto the stem end, invert and shake/tap the foliage over a clean white inspection tray for a minimum of 10 seconds to dislodge any insects. The **Authorised Inspection Person** will then inspect the tray for signs of melon thrips. This process is to be repeated until the required number of units has been inspected.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** should ensure that any tapping and shaking during the inspection does not damage the sampled units.

Where packages are fully unpacked during the examination of the produce, the **Authorised Inspection Person** shall examine the sample package, including the lid for the presence of suspect Melon Thrips.

- 5. place sampled units back into the package, where applicable, until the sample package has been fully repacked;
- 6. return the sample packages to the consignment or lot following the inspection;
- 7. record information on the *Melon Thrips Inspection Record* in accordance with Section 7.6.4 of Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure *Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips* [ICA-38].

### 6.5 Suspect Melon Thrips Detection

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall immediately advise the Certification Controller of the detection of suspect melon thrips. The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall take a sample and reject and segregate all produce in the consignment or lot until the sample results are returned to the business in accordance with Section 7.3.1 of Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure *Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips* [ICA-38].

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall determine by reference illustrations and photographs (refer <u>Attachment 6</u> Identification of Melon Thrips) whether the sample is suspect melon thrips.

Should the Authorised Inspection Person determine the sample to be suspect melon thrips, the sample shall be submitted to an qualified entomologist in accordance with Section 7.7.1 or 7.7.2 of Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips [ICA-38].

If the suspect thrips is subsequently confirmed not to be melon thrips by the **Authorised Inspection Person**, all rejected product that is held in the consignment or lot may be reconsidered for certification provided all requirements of Operational Procedure ICA-38 have been met.



#### 6.6 Sampling Suspect Melon Thrips

#### 6.6.1 Taking the Sample

All suspect melon thrips samples must be submitted to an qualified entomologist by an **Authorised Inspection Person**. Where possible, an **Authorised Inspection Person** should take more than one sample.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall take each sample by:

- 1. carefully retrieving the suspect melon thrips with an appropriate instrument i.e. brush, forceps or scalpel;
- 2. placing the suspect melon thrips in a specimen bottle that contains an appropriate preservative material i.e. methylated spirits;
  - Where a suspect melon thrips is contained on cut flowers or foliage, the cut flowers or foliage or part of the cut flowers or foliage with the suspect melon thrips must be wrapped in damp paper towel and placed into a plastic bag without a preservative material i.e. methylated spirits.
- 3. completing a Sample Submission Form (refer <u>Attachment 5</u> for correctly completed example) for each sample taken; and
- 4. placing the specimen bottle or produce (if applicable) along with completed sample submission form into a sealable plastic bag.

The **Authorised Inspection Person** shall forward the sample to an qualified entomologist within 24 hours of the sample being taken.

Where a suspect melon thrips sample cannot be delivered in person, the **Authorised Inspection Person**, or the **Certification Controller** should contact the qualified entomologist to determine the correct sample submission procedure.

#### 6.7 Issuance of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate

Following examination of the produce, and when the **Authorised Inspection Person** is satisfied that all the conditions and restrictions associated with the produce described on the Melon Thrips Inspection Record have been met, the Authorised Signatory of the business shall issue a Plant Health Assurance Certificate in accordance with Interstate Certification Assurance Operational Procedure *Inspection of Fruits and Vegetables (Post Harvest), Live Plants, Cut Flowers and Foliage for Melon Thrips* [ICA-38] and *Guidelines for Completion of Plant Health Assurance Certificates* [ICA-WI-02].



#### 7. ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1	Melon Thrips Inspection Record	(COMPLETED EXAMPLE)
Attachment 2	Melon Thrips Inspection Record	(COMPLETED EXAMPLE)
Attachment 3	Melon Thrips Inspection Record	(COMPLETED EXAMPLE)
Attachment 4	Melon Thrips Inspection Record	(COMPLETED EXAMPLE)
Attachment 5	Sample Submission Form	(COMPLETED EXAMPLE)
Attachment 6	Identification of Melon Thrips	

Date of Inspection 01/08/17				Package Identification	
Place of Inspection Green Beauty Pty Ltd				IP Number (if applicable)	
Howard Rd Pallara Q 4110				Q9999	
Name of A	Authorised I	nspection Pe	rson	Name & Address of Grower & Packer (if multiple, list in	
A.I. Perso	n			comments/findings column) Green Beauty Pty Ltd Howard Rd Pallara Q 4110	
Inspection	Method			Produce Type (if multiple, list in comments/findings column)	
□ End-po	int			Chrysanthemum	
✓ In-line					
Inspection	Rate			Total Number of Packages in Consignment/Lot (list separately if multiple commodities)	
☑ 600 Un	it			600 cartons	
□ 2%				oo wrons	
Notes:				PHAC No(s) 9993,9994,9995	
Package No.	Time sample taken (in- line only	Number of Units	Total Number of Units	Comments/Findings	
1	8:30am	50	50		
2	8:30am	50	100		
3	9:00am	50	150		
4	9:00am	50	200		
5	9:30am	50	250		
6	9:30am	50	300		
7	10:00cm	50	350		
8	10:00am	50	400		
9	10:30am	30	450		
10	10:30am	50	500		
11	11:00am	50	350		
12	11:00am	50	600		
13	///				
14	<i></i>				
15	<u> </u>				
16					
17	///				
18					
Pass ✓ Fail Signature of Authorised Inspection Person: #IJ Person					
Actions resulting fr	rom a suspected dete	ection of a quarantine pes	st		

Date of In	spection 01	/08/17	Package Identification		
Place of Inspection Green Beauty Pty Ltd				IP Number (if applicable)	
Howard Rd Pallara Q 4110				Q9999	
Name of Authorised Inspection Person				Name & Address of Grower & Packer (if multiple, list in comments/findings column) Green Beauty Pty Ltd	
A.I. Perso	M			Howard Rd Pallara Q 4110	
Inspection	n Method			Produce Type (if multiple, list in comments/findings column)	
☐ End-po	oint			Chrysanthemum	
☑ In-line					
Inspection	n Rate			Total Number of Packages in Consignment/Lot (list separately if multiple commodities)	
□ 600 Un	it				
☑ 2%				300 cartons	
Notes:				PHAC No(s) 8993,8994,8995	
Package No.	Time sample taken (in- line only	Number of Units	Total Number of Units	Comments/Findings	
1	9:00am	50	50		
2	9:00am	50	100		
3	10:00am	50	150		
4	10:00am	50	200		
5	11:00am	50	250	Lady beetle found	
6	11:00am	50	300		
7					
8			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
9					
11	////				
12	d + d				
13	/ /	$\wedge \rangle \wedge$			
14					
15	> / .				
16					
17					
18					
Pass	Fail	Signature of	on Person: AII Person		
Actions resulting from a suspected detection of a quarantine pest					

Date of Inspection 01/08/17			Package Identification	
Place of Inspection Fresh Flowers Pty Ltd			IP Number (if applicable)	
Brísbane Market 4106				
Name of A	Authorised I	nspection Pe	rson	Name & Address of Grower & Packer (if multiple, list in comments/findings column)
A.I. Perso	n			commond mange country
Inspection	n Method			Produce Type (if multiple, list in comments/findings column)
☑ End-pc	int			
☐ In-line				
Inspection	n Rate			Total Number of Packages in Consignment/Lot (list separately if multiple commodities)
☑ 600 Un	it			Ferns 72 cartons, Orchids 56 cartons,
□ 2%				Succulent leaves 144 carton, Chrysanthemum 72 cartons
Notes:				PHAC No(s) 8991
Package	Time	Number of	Total	Comments/Findings
No.	sample taken (in-	Units	Number of Units	
	line only			
1		126	126	Ferns A Smith Pallary Q 4110
2		96	222	Orchids B Brown Stanthorpe 4380
3		252	474	Succident leaves C Blogs Too woomba4350
4		126	600	Chrysanthemum C Blogs Tookoomba 4350
5				
6				
7	$\overline{}$			
8				
9				
10				
11				
12	1 / /			
13		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
14				
15	/ /			
16				
17				
18				
Pass Fail Signature of Authorised Inspection Person:				on Person: AJ Person
Actions resulting f	rom a suspected dete	ection of a quarantine pes		
i				

Date of Inspection 01/08/17				Package Identification	
Place of Inspection Fresh Flowers Pty Ltd				IP Number (if applicable)	
Brisbane Market 4106				Q9999	
Name of Authorised Inspection Person				Name & Address of Grower & Packer (if multiple, list in comments/findings column) J. Smith	
A.I. Person				Green Lane Toowoomba 4350	
Inspection N	Method			Produce Type (if multiple, list in comments/findings column)	
☑ End-poin	t			Chrysanthemum	
□ In-line					
Inspection F	Rate			Total Number of Packages in Consignment/Lot (list	
□ 600 Unit				separately if multiple commodities)	
☑ 2%				120 cartons	
Notes:				PHAC No(s) 8884	
Package	Time	Number of	Total	Comments/Findings	
No.	sample taken (in- line only	Units	Number of Units		
1		85	85		
2		85	170		
3		85	255		
4					
5					
6		$\wedge$			
7					
8	^				
9					
10	/,/				
11					
12	1 / /	//////			
13		///	$\bigvee$		
14	//				
1,5	. / /				
16					
17	$\wedge / /$				
10	$\overline{}$				
18	Pass ✓ Fail Signature of Authorised Inspection Person: III Person				

## **SAMPLE SUBMISSION FORM**

AUTHORISED INSPECTION PERSON DETAILS							
Authorised Inspection Person Name	C. Smíth	IP Number of Accredited Business	Q9898				
Name and address of grower/packer or IP number of the produce that sample was taken	Howard Rd Pallara Q 411	Type of produce & quantity from Ltd which sample was taken	Type of produce:  Chrysanthemum cuttings  Quantity of produce:  350 cartons				
Date sample was taken	23/11/11	Date sample was submitted to Diagnostician	23/11/11				
Contact Telephone No	07 3310 2810	Email/Fax No	07 33 0 2810				
SAMPLE DE	TAILS						
Type of Sample: (e)		lult)					
Type of Campie.							
Diagnosis request	(e.g. identify insect, disease, seed)	hether melon thr	ips or not				
was taken. Include the the sample was taken f	Sample details:  Describe where, when and how the sample was taken. Include the type produce or crop the sample was taken from, who took the sample and why diagnosis is required.  Sample taken by C Smith at Green Beauty Pty Ltd. Pallara Q on Chrysanthemum Diagnosis required for market access to Tasmania.						
DIAGNOSIS	<b>DETAILS</b> - For Diagnos	tician Use Only					
Date Sample Rece	eived 01/08/17	Date Sample Diagno	osed 02/08/17				
Diagnosis Result	Confirmed as Melon Th	rips ( <i>Thrips palmi</i> )					
Method of Diagnos	sis Microscope						
Comments							
Diagnostician Nam	ne B. Bugg	Diagnostician Positio	on Senior Entomologist				
Signature	B. Bugg	Date	02/08/17				

#### **IDENTIFICATION OF MELON THRIPS**

# **Melon Thrips** (*Thrips palmi* Karney) **Host Range**

Melon thrips have a wide range of fruit, vegetable, ornamental and weed hosts but are best known as a pest in crops of Cucurbitaceae and Solanaceae. Crops most affected by melon thrips include beans, capsicum, chilli, cucumber, eggplant, melons, okra, pumpkin, tomato, silverbeet, squash, watermelon and zucchini. Weed hosts include pigweed, amaranthus, gomphrena and potato weed as well as a variety of weeds of the cucurbit and solanum families such as Devil's Fig (Solanum torvum).

#### **Detection and Identification**

Melon thrips injure infested plants by killing surface cells with their piercing and sucking mouthparts. Feeding normally occurs on foliage but flowers and fruit may be preferred feeding sites on some plant species. Leaves become yellow, white or brown and then crinkle and die. Heavily infested crops often acquire a silver to bronze colour.

Damaged terminal growth may be discoloured, stunted and deformed. Fruit may abort or develop scar tissue as a result of melon thrips feeding under the calyx of expanding fruit.

Melon thrips are very small and resemble many other common thrips species and therefore require specialist identification. Samples of suspected melon thrips must be submitted to an qualified entomologist for identification.

#### **Life Cycle**

**Eggs** are kidney-shaped, colourless to pale yellowish-white and measure only 0.25 mm in length. Eggs are normally deposited in leaf tissue in a slit cut by the female but can also be deposited in flowers and fruit. Females can produce up to 200 eggs but average approximately 50 per female.

Larvae resemble the adult in general body form though they lack wings and are smaller. There are two instars or stages during the larval development

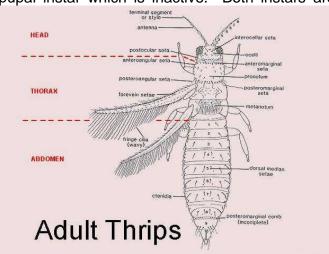
Egg Newly emerged larva

Adult Fully grown larva

Second First resting stage (pupa) (prepupa)

period. Larvae feed in groups, particularly along the leaf midrib and veins, usually on older leaves. On completion of the larval stage the insect normally descends to the soil or leaf litter where it constructs a small earthern chamber as a pupation site.

**Pupa** progress through two instars, the prepupal instar which is nearly inactive and the pupal instar which is inactive. Both instars are non-feeding. The prepupae and pupae



resemble the adult and larval forms except they possess wing pads.

Adults are winged, pale green to orange in colour, cigar-shaped and measure from 0.8 to 1.3 mm in length. A black line, resulting from the juncture of the wings, runs along the back of the body. Adults tend to feed on young growth and are most commonly found on the undersides of the leaves but can also occur on flowers and fruits.

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Melon Thrips Damage – Capsicum Fruit (Photo: University of Florida, USA)



Melon Thrips Larvae (Photo: Zenkoko Noson, Kyoiku Kyoiku Co. Ltd, Japan)



Melon Thrips on French Bean (Photo: University of Florida, USA)



Melon Thrips Damage – Capsicum Plant (Photo: University of Florida, USA)